

AFAR

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Want to Really Get to Know Charleston? Explore Its African American History.

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From the arrival of the first slave ship through the civil rights era and into the present, Charleston's black residents have shaped the city's food culture, art, music, architecture, faith, and its national reputation. A visit to these landmarks can help create a fuller understanding of the city.

When you visit Charleston, South Carolina, it's important to go beyond the historic sites that are often the first stop for visitors. Charleston is a city of many faces, and its history is not just one of slavery, but also of resilience, creativity, and a rich cultural heritage. From the historic sites to the modern art scene, Charleston offers a unique and diverse experience for all visitors.

The historical and cultural landmarks of Charleston are a testament to the city's rich and complex history. From the historic sites to the modern art scene, Charleston offers a unique and diverse experience for all visitors. The city's history is not just one of slavery, but also of resilience, creativity, and a rich cultural heritage.

**Mother Emanuel A.M.E. Church**

**Former African Methodist Episcopal Church** in Charleston, South Carolina, is a historic African American church. It was founded in 1786 and is one of the oldest African American churches in the United States. The church is a significant landmark in Charleston and is a testament to the resilience and creativity of the African American community.

During the 19th century, the church was a center of the African American community in Charleston. It was a place where people gathered to worship, to learn, and to support each other. The church was a source of pride and a symbol of the community's strength.

The church is a beautiful example of Gothic Revival architecture. It features a tall, white steeple and a large, arched entrance. The interior is also beautiful, with high ceilings and large windows.

**Old Slave Mart Museum**

The Old Slave Mart Museum is a historic site in Charleston, South Carolina. It was founded in 1824 and is one of the oldest slave markets in the United States. The museum is a significant landmark in Charleston and is a testament to the resilience and creativity of the African American community.

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**Charleston City Market**

The Charleston City Market is a historic market in Charleston, South Carolina. It was founded in 1786 and is one of the oldest markets in the United States. The market is a significant landmark in Charleston and is a testament to the resilience and creativity of the African American community.

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**Magnolia Plantation and Gardens**

The Magnolia Plantation and Gardens is a historic plantation in Charleston, South Carolina. It was founded in 1786 and is one of the oldest plantations in the United States. The plantation is a significant landmark in Charleston and is a testament to the resilience and creativity of the African American community.

During the 19th century, the plantation was a center of the African American community in Charleston. It was a place where people gathered to worship, to learn, and to support each other. The plantation was a source of pride and a symbol of the community's strength.

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**Denmark Vesey Statue**

The Denmark Vesey Statue is a historic statue in Charleston, South Carolina. It was founded in 1824 and is one of the oldest statues in the United States. The statue is a significant landmark in Charleston and is a testament to the resilience and creativity of the African American community.

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**The Old Chapel**

The Old Chapel is a historic chapel in Charleston, South Carolina. It was founded in 1786 and is one of the oldest chapels in the United States. The chapel is a significant landmark in Charleston and is a testament to the resilience and creativity of the African American community.

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**Fort Wagner or Battery Wagner**

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**Avery Research Center for African American History and Culture**

The Avery Research Center for African American History and Culture is a historic research center in Charleston, South Carolina. It was founded in 1786 and is one of the oldest research centers in the United States. The center is a significant landmark in Charleston and is a testament to the resilience and creativity of the African American community.

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**S.H. Ruffalo B Co.**

The S.H. Ruffalo B Co. is a historic building in Charleston, South Carolina. It was founded in 1786 and is one of the oldest buildings in the United States. The building is a significant landmark in Charleston and is a testament to the resilience and creativity of the African American community.

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**South Carolina Historical Society Museum**

The South Carolina Historical Society Museum is a historic museum in Charleston, South Carolina. It was founded in 1786 and is one of the oldest museums in the United States. The museum is a significant landmark in Charleston and is a testament to the resilience and creativity of the African American community.

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**More Photos of AFAR**

More photos of AFAR, a historic building in Charleston, South Carolina. It was founded in 1786 and is one of the oldest buildings in the United States. The building is a significant landmark in Charleston and is a testament to the resilience and creativity of the African American community.

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